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# THE NEWS OF BROOKLYN.

SILVER DEMOCRATS MAD.

THEY HAVE KNIVES OUT FOR THE JU-DICIARY NOMINEES.

THE BRYAN WING OF THE PARTY IN EARNEST, AND A PRETTY FIGHT IN PROSPECT, WHILE THE "BOSS" LOOKS ON.

prooklyn's radical silver Democrats were in high rage yesterday when they found out that the Democratic Judiciary Convention held on Tuesday had nominated four gold Democrats who have re used to support Bryan and are unwilling to decline in favor of free sliver. Thomas S Moore, one of the four nominees, has been found to be a Shepardite, whose name has been on the Reform Democracy enrolment books for some time. He is still with the Shepardites, who now call themselves the National Democratic party in Kings County, and by his assoon with them he indicates in the most emphatic anner that he is a gold advocate of the most pro-punced type. Judge Charles F. Brown, another of the nominees, and the only one of the four who was chosen unanimously, is also a gold man. Only a day or two before sailing for Europe he said to one of his closest friends that if loyalty to silver was one of the tests of Democratic party fealty, he was no longer a Democrat. He made this statement with intention of informing his friends as to his exact position before they should be called upon to act on his name in the Judiciary Convention. Hugh McLaughlin and his followers knew of this declaratten of Judge Brown, and they must have known that Mr. Moore was a Shepardite. The anger and disgust of the uncompromising silverites upon learning that their party had nominated for Judge of the Supreme Court a man belonging to their rival organization, can easily be imagined. The regulars hate the Reform Democrats more cordially than any other political party in existence. They profess to have the utmost contempt for them, but have allowed themselves to accept one of them as a candate on their own ticket.

The Judiciary Convention brought out more clearly than ever before the fact that the regulars are divided among themselves on the Bryan question. The division between McLaughlin, York and several other leaders on the one side, and the wing led by Ridgway and Coffey, is caused by the determination of the Coffey crowd to push the Bryan issue wherever possible, and to demand loyalty to Bryan of all persons expecting favors from them. When the radical silverites became acquainted with the full condition of affairs yester-day they did not hesitate to declare that they ild have their knives out for the gold bugs on ticket. The most prominent leader of a wellknown Bryan organization, when asked what the silver men would do with regard to the nominations Supreme Court, expressed himself not by words, it by drawing his hand across his throat.

erday's developments disclosed the true rea on for the refusal of the Judiciary Convention to bass a resolution requiring its nominees to support and the Chicago platform. If the resolution had been passed or any other action had been taken imposing upon Messrs. Brown, Clement, Moore and Stephens the necessity of declaring loy-Moore and Stephens the necessity of declaring loyality to the cause of free silver, three of these men, and possibly all four, would have declined the nomination. Judge Brown's statement just before leaving home, and Mr. Moore's name on the National Democratic roll, leave no doubt as to their position. Not much is known in Brooklyn about Judge Stevens's acts or expressions since the Democratic party committed itself to the interests of the silverites, but a well-known Democrat told a Tribune reject, but a well-known Democrat told a Tribune reporter yesterday that Stevens was at heart a gold man. Judge Clement has refused to accept Bryan, and will refuse to be forced into an acceptance of him.

ni. Juke D. Stapleton, Michael J. Coffey, Patrick E. him.

Luke D. Stapleton, Michael J. Coffey, Patrick E. Callahan and the other radical silverites who are unvilling to tolerate anybedy or anything not silver plated, were making their fight against the McLaughlin slate because they were fully aware of the position of the four McLaughlin favorites on the money question. They hinted as much in their speeches nominating their candidates, and gaid it openly after the convention had adjourned. Lake many other pertains they have become convinced that McLaughlin himself believes as strongly in the gold standard as ever, and has simply accepted Bryan in order to retain his badge of regularity, which is his chiefland to political consideration. These malcontents have a much stronger following in the ranks of the regulars than has been imagined. They first made their appearance in opposition to the boss in the Buffalo convention, where they won a temporary victory under the leadership of James W. Ridgway. They now declare that they will knife three, and perhaps all four of the nominees of Wednesday's convention. their appearance in opposition to the boss in the Buffalo convention, where they won a temporary victory under the leadership of James W. Ridgway. They now declare that they will knife three, and perhaps all four of the nominees of Wednesday's convention.

The discovery lof the radicals regarding Brown.

The discovery lof the strife within the regular organization, and make it more difficult than ever for the aged loss and his lieutenants to keep than ever for the aged loss and his lieutenants to keep than ever for the aged loss and his lieutenants to keep than ever for the aged loss and his lieutenants to keep their party in any kind of working order. The Bryannies are in earnest in their plan of forcing free is a rumor that the Massachusetts will leave the fleet and go to Boston within a few days, to the fleet and go to Boston within a few days, to the fleet and go to Boston within a few days, to the skip by citizens of Massachusetts.

SALVATION.

## A SALVATION ARMY WEDDING.

LOTS OF SINGING AND MUSIC AND SHOWERS OF RICE.

Great was the rejoicing at the Washington-st barracks of the Salvation Army last evening. A marriage took place and two privates in the ranks oined hands to continue the good work of the army together. The bridegroom was William G. Buehrer, and the bride Laura Atherton, a young Virginia girl, a late convert to the order. Her bridesmaid was Kate Yulee, and the best man was a soldier of long standing, Joseph Marks. At 8 o'clock the big hall of the barracks was filled to overflowing, for marriage in the Salvation Army is not such an affair that the curious do not flock in great numbers to see the ceremony performed. There was music, plenty of it, for No. 1 band, of New-York, composed of soldiers of great lung power and enormous enthusiasm, came to the fore nobly. When the couple appeared from an ante-room and walked separately to the platform the soldiers sed a shout of welcome and the horns tooted a salute. But there was much that happened preceding the actual ceremony, which took an hour and a half to get through with. During the while the couple sat on the platform in full view of the audience. The bridegroom was dressed in the regular co-tume of the army, while the bride was distin-

guished by a broad white sash. Brigadier-General French, of the Central Division, performed the ceremony. There were many ad-cresses and much music, the chorus of one of the mgs accompanied by a 'cello to the tune of "Tell them that you saw me," running this way:

He's the fily of the valley. The bright and morning star; He's the fairest of ten thousand, To my soul.

The ceremony was performed after the ritual of the Salvation Army. When it was finished the bride and bridegroom were pelted with showers of rice which came from all parts of the hall. There was great happiness and rejoicing, which lasted far into the night.

TO DISCUSS THE EDUCATIONAL CHAPTER.

The special sub-committee of the Greater New-York Commission, consisting of President Low, Silas B. Dutcher and General Stewart L. Woodford, to which has been instrusted the work of preparing the education chapter of the charter, have informed the special committee of the Brooklyn Board of Education, appointed to consider the relation of this school system to the new city government, that they will meet in the assemblyroom of the Board of Education, in Livingston-st. on October 10, at 10 a. m. The special committee of the Board is composed of Horace E. Dresser, Franklin W. Hooper, John Y. Culyer, George H. Fisher, James B. Bouck, John McNamee and Max This committee at their last meeing presented a report and resolutions, declaring strongly for the maintenance of the present system in this city. The report and resolutions which were adopt-

ed are as follows:

Resolved, That the Board of Education of the city
of Brooklyn affirms its adherence to the principle
of home rule. of Brooklyn amrins its admictated of home rule.

Resolved, That, in accordance with that principle, this Board earnestly recommends that, in framing the charter for Greater New-York, provision be made for the appointment by the Mayor of a separate Board for each county, to be composed of that county, the Board for Kings County to be composed, as at present, of forty-five members, and that our present system may be continued.

#### THE HEARING ON THE GUN QUESTION.

The hearing of the defeated competitors in the recent rifle contest will take place before Governor Morton on October 7, at 11:30 o'clock a. m. The Tribune received trustworthy evidence from Albany yesterday that the Governor has not the est idea of investigating the Commission in The other contestants have asked to be any way. heard before the report is signed, and the Governor has acceded to their request. He will listen to the statements of their counsel, and that is all. It is confidently expected that the report will stand and receive the signature of Governor Morton.

#### EMPLOYES IN NEED OF MONEY. ROMANCE AND A WEDDING.

CHARITIES DEPARTMENT PAYROLLS UN-

SETTLED FOR THREE MONTHS. There is much suffering among the employes of the Charities Department because they are receiv-ing nothing in the way of pay except promises. Not since July have they received any pay. Their August salaries are due, and so are those of September, because the Commission yesterday morn-

ng approved the September payroll. Not only have these county servants worked two nonths without pay, but they have got to work another month under the same discouraging circumstances. Secretary Lamb of the Charities Departstances. Secretary Lamb of the Charities Department yesterday communicated with Deputy-Controller Rowe and inquired when the payrolls would be met by the Controller. Mr. Rowe said there was no probability of the Charities Department receiving any money before October 20 or 25, as the certificates forestalling the taxes of 1897 would have to be advertised, and probably would not be sold before then.

In the mean time Charities employes who have no bank accounts are in a sad plight. Landlords and storekeepers are clamoring to make them pay two months' bills. So serious is the predicament of some of them that one of the Commissioners has opened his own purse to the extent of \$500 in order to tide the more needy ones over.

#### NINE PLANS SUBMITTED.

THE DISPOSITION OF GARBAGE UP BEFORE COMMISSIONERS WILLIS AND EMERY.

Yesterday noon was the time at which prospective bidders for the garbage-removing contract were required to submit their plans and a description of their plants. Nine plans were submitted, among them being those of Thomas F. Byrnes, S. G. Smith, Norton & Gorman, Cranford & Co. and Hart & McGlehan. Commissioner Willis and Health Commissioner Emery will to-day open the plans and examine them together. The bids are to be sub-mitted by October 5. A man named Kimbail has protested to Commissioner Emery against having one contract cover both the collecting and disposal of the garbage. He wants the contract divided. If given the disposal of the garbage, he agrees to do it free if delivered to him at the East River. He agrees to give a bond of \$150,000, or even \$200,000, for satisfactory disposition.

#### TAKING OF TESTIMONY ENDED.

THE NAVY YARD COURT OF 'NQUIRY NEARLY FINISHED-NOTES FROM THE FLEET.

The taking of testimony in the investigation into the drydock accident at the Navy Yard was ended yesterday afternoon, and the report of 'he court, it is expected will be ferwarded to Washington week. Both the civil engineers were present. and the Construction Bureau was represented by Naval Constructor Hibbs, who was called on for testimony. It was announced that nothing new had been learned relative to the accident itself and the main question the court will have to decide is that fixing the responsibility for the oc The final session of the court, it is likely, will be held to-day, and the arguments made.

The steam launch Minnie has been taken from the drydock, but the work of cleaning the dock has received a setback through the action of Captain Higginson, the captain of the yard, who has forbidden the dumping of any more mud on ground beside the wock. This is not expected to delay the work materially, as another place will be found for the stuff taken from the interior of

Orders that the Puritan shall be ready for commission by November 1 will have the effect of rushing work on the big monitor, but all the cepartments interested announce that it can be completed at the time specified. There is considerable ork still to be done in the way of fitting and perfeeting the machinery which will operate her tur-rets, and the emplacement of her secondary battery will require considerable time.

Nothing has yet been done toward repairing the

torpedo-boat Ericsson, which has been tied up at Whitney Basin wall awaiting orders.

the fleet and go to Boston within a few days, to receive the silver service which has been given to the ship by citizens of Massachusetts.

Since the squadron has been at Tompkinsville a good deal of the time has been expended in the trial of delinquents. It is expected now that the findings of the court will be forwarded to Washington at once. Something over thirty men have been tried for various offences but nothing is yet known of the result. The officers composing the court are Captain Frederick Rodgers, commanding the Massachusetts president; Lieutenant Richard Henderson of the Indiana; Lieutenant Richard Henderson of the Indiana; Lieutenant F. W. Jenkins, of the Maine: Ensign G. L. F. Stone and Captain Thomas N. Wood, V. S. M. C. judge-advocate. There has been a court of inquiry, concerning which the utmost secrecy has prevailed, but through an officer who is thoroughly conversant with the matter it was learned that in all probability two of the officers of the Engineering Corps would be summoned to answer for offences. The names could not be learned.

## THEY HAVE COME UP TO DATE.

POPOCRATS PUT THE CAPT BEFORE THE HORSE ON A CAMPAIGN BANNER.

Popocratic County Committee brought its big campaign banner on the Jefferson Building up to date yesterday to conform to the new State ticket, Only a day or two after Thacher and Porter were nominated a big banner was placed in front of the building, bearing the names of Bryan and Sewall, together with their portraits, and the name of John Boyd Thacher for Governor, followed by that of Wilbur F. Porter for Lieutenant-Governor, and Robert C. Titus for Judge of the Court of Appeals. Yesterday Thache,'s name was wiped off the banner by a liberal dose of red paint, and in its place was inserted the name of Frederick C. Schrauo

place was inserted the name of Frederick C. Schraub for Lieutenant-Governor. So the banner, as it now reads, is as follows:
"For Lieutenant-Governor, Frederick C. Schraub, of Lowville. For Governor, Wilbur F. Porter, of Jefferson County. For Judge of the Court of Appeals, Robert C. Titus, of Eric County."

The Popocrats were apparently well pleased yesterday with their new adjustment of names, seeing nothing funny in their scheme of "putting the cart before the horse." Neither did they have any fault to find with the idea of naming Mr. Schraub's town, while they located Porter and Titus by counties.

JUSTICE BRADLEY TO SIT IN BROOKLYN.

Albany, Sept. 30.-Governor Morton to-day designated Justice George E. Bradley, of Corning, N. Y., as Associate Justice of the Appellate Division, Supreme Court, in the Second Judicial Department, in the place made vacant by the death of Justice Calvin E. Pratt. While Justice Pratt was ill, and since his death, Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, of New-York City, filled the charge under a temporary designation. Justice Bradley is retired from the bench under the age limit, but is still in good physical and intellectual health. The term for which he was elected to the bench will not end, however, until De-cember 31, 1897, and under the amended Constitu-tion he is eligible for special assignment or desig-nation by the Governor for judicial duty.

## IN FAVOR OF THE BROWN BRIDGE.

A meeting of the joint Committee on Bridges of the Brooklyn Aldermen and the Queens County Supervisors was held yesterday morning at the City Hall, and engineers representing different bridge companies were heard. The committee's engineer, Mr. McLaughlin, reported in favor of the Brown plan of bridge, which is supplied with its own operating machinery. The cost of this is esti-mated at \$165,000, not including the sub-structure and machinery. The span of the bridge over New-town Creek is to be 150 feet and the width 50 feet. The committee then went into executive session.

## DEATH OF PIERCE J. HOWELL.

The news reached Brooklyn yesterday afternoon of the sudden death of Pierce J. Howell, a prominent young society man of Quogue, Long Island, and well known in this city. After returning from his place of business Tuesday evening he went to his room for the purpose of cleaning his shotgun preparatory to a day's duck-hunting. A quarter of an hour later he was found lying on the floor unconscious, with his gun beside him. Dr. Brundage, conscious, with his gun beside him. Dr. Brundage, of Westhampton Beach, was summoned and promptly answered the cail. When he arrived and examined young Howell, he found that a full charge from one barrel of the gun had entered the victim's breast, and that death had been instantaneous. He was a son of Joseph P. Howell, and was seventeen years old.

MISS HATTIE E. ELMORE AND DR. FRANK M. WOOLSEY TO BE MARRIED.

THEY WILL GO TO CHINA IN CONNECTION WITH

LYN FRIENDS SURPRISED.

Word reached Brooklyn yesterday of a romantic wedding to take place in Sullivan County some time this month, which will unite Miss Hattle E. Elmore, of Fallsburg, Sullivan County, N. Y., to Dr. Frank M. Woolsey, of Livingston Manor, N. Y. Miss Elmore was until recently a teacher in the Brooklyn public schools, and has a large number of friends in Brooklyn. Dr. Woolsey has just been appointed to the staff of the General Hospital, Methodist Episcopal Church, at Chung-Keng, China, and the Mis-

#### THEIR SECRET IS OUT.

WHAT THE NAME OF A WELL-KNOWN

The seal is broken. The secret is out. The mystery is solved. This is what "Chiropean" means

-Christianity, charity, charity,
-Hope, health, happiness,
-Integrity, industry, independence,
-Resolution, resistance, reserve,
-Onward, obedience, opportunity,
-Partrotism, politeness, punctuality,
-Energy, earnestness, experience,
-Ambition, amiability, art.
-Neatness, neighborliness, newness,

Here endeth one of the first organized efforts of women to prove that they could keep a secret When the Chiropean Society was organized last



MISS HATTIE E. ELMORE.

Woolsey determined to go to China. Miss Edmore, who had taught school at Marcellus, N. Y. East Orange, N. J., and finally in Brooklyn, had formed strong ties of friendship at each place. It looked for a while as if a long farewell would be said. Then Miss Elmore dried her tears, set her teeth firmly together, and said: "Well, Frank, I'm going too." The Mission Board of the Methodist Church was only too happy to engage her. She told where she wanted to go and why, and it was finally arranged. Dr. and Mrs. Woolsey will sail from Victoria on November 13 on a Northern Pacific steamer to Shanghai, thence by river steamer 40 miles up the Yang-tse-Kiang to Hankow, thence by junk 80 miles further up the river to Ichang; thence by small boat, rowed and drawn by men, to Chung-Keng, 200 miles above Ichang. Chung-Keng is a large city, a port of entry, and was first opened to missions by the China Inland Mission during the sixtles. Several Christian churches have mission stations there, and there is a colony of about sixty English-speaking people, including children, at this station now. Miss Elmore is a graduate of the Oswego Normai School. She and Mr. Woolsey have many friends in Brooklyn, whom, it is expected, they will visit before starting for China. Miss Elmore taught in School No. 101, at Eath Beach, having joined the teaching force there in the spring of 1894, continuing until the close of the season in the spring of 1895.

## HE SET OFF THE BURGLAR ALARM.

A MAN FOUND IN A FULTON-ST. STORE, WHO SAID HUNGER DROVE HIM TO BREAK INTO THE PLACE.

Patrolmen Sullivan, Shinnan and O'Mail on their respective beats yesterday morning about 3 o'clock, heard the burgier alarm in the store of the Harding Manufacturing Company, at No. 467 Fulton-st, begin ringing. They ran to the store, and while Sullivan watened the front of the place and O'Mally went to the rear, Shinnan ran to the house of William A. Clirchigh, the manager, at 22 Scher-merhorn-st., and told him of the occurrence. He then hurried back and entered the shop, exploring It from end to end. On the second floor he discovered a man crowching behind a table in the rear of the room. He was taken to the Adams-st. station, and gave his name as Fred Almy, of Chicago, although he admitted that it was not his right name. He said he had been driven by the pangs of hunger to break into the store. Judge Walsh held him for the Grand Jury on the charge of burglary. it from end to end. On the second floor he dis

## THE BODY OF WALTER L. SINN HERE.

The body of Walter L. Sinn, son of Colonel William E. Sinn, was brought to this city yesterday from Colorado Springs, and is now at the home of The funeral will take place to-morrow at Plymouth Church, at 2:20 p. m. The Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott will officiate. The members of the Brooklyn Lodge of Elks were requested to meet at the clubhouse in Schermerhorn-st. Friday at 2 o'clock, and proceed to the church in a body. The members of other lodges and associations with which Mr. Sinn was connected will also attend the

FUNERAL OF DR. CHARLES MILNE.

Dr. Charles Milne, a well-known member of Mecca Temple, Mystic Shrine, Palestine Commandery No. 18, Knights Templar, and the Mutual Life Templar Association, who died Tuesday morning, compar Association, who have the control of the cast-ras buried last evening from his home in the East-ra District. He was fifty-six years old, and had a rige circle of acquaintances. Members of the or-anizations of which he was a member attended the funeral.

SENDING ORANGES TO EUROPE.

The Florida orange growers who recently secured quarters on the big dock at Pacific-st, are pushing their enterprise in a new direction. Not content with shipping their oranges all over the Eastern. Western and Northern States, they now propose to Western and Northern States, they how propose to ship direct to Europe. Yesterday 200 boxes that were packed on the Pacific-st, pier were forwarded to London by steamer. These oranges came from the Island of Jamaica, were brought to this city in barrels by steamships of the Kerr Line, were run through sizers and packed in boxes containing from 150 to 200 oranges each. This is an experi-mental shipment, and if successful others will fol-

## A RUAL ESTATE FORECLOSURE.

The Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn has fore-losed fourteen mortgages for \$2,500 each, making a total of \$35,000, against Walter C. Lincoln and his wife, Mary. The directory gives Mr. Lincoln's occupation as that of baker and his home as No. 78 cupation as that of baker and his nome as No. 78
Sixth-ave. The mortgages were all executed on May
77, 1801, and property bounded by Sutter, Alabama,
Blake, Williams and Hissdale aves, was given as
security. The complaint simply alleges that the
conditions of the mortgage were not fulfilled.
There was no appearance for the defendant, and
judgment was taken in each case by default.

## THE REV. FRANCIS M'KEON DEAD.

The Rev. Francis McKeon, a native of Smare Parish, County Longford, Ireland, who was visiting his sister, Mrs. Redding, at No. 922 Kent-ave. died there on Monday night. Father McKeon was educated at All Hallow's College, Dublin, where he was ordained a little more than a year ago. Not long after his ordination he came to this country and went to Duluth, Minn., having been adopted for that diocese by Bishop McGoldrick. He was a remarkably bright young man while in college, but was never in good health, and his visit to this country was made in the hope that his disease, consumption, might be cured by a change of climate. Soon after his arrival in the West his health began to fail, and he was obliged to come to this city, where he had brothers and sisters. He arrived here about a month ago, and gradually grew worse until death came. The funeral will take place this morning at 9:30, from St. Patrick's Church, and the burial will be in Holy Cross Ceme-tery. Father McKeoa was only twenty-four years old.

SOCIETY OF WOMEN MEANS.

winter by prominent Brooklyn women, it



DR. FRANK M. WOOLSEY.

sion Board of the Methodist Church has also assigned Miss Elmore as an evangelist among the Chinese women to the same station.

Dr. Woolsey until a short time age expected to make the drug business his life work, and to that end attended the New-York College of Pharmacy. Then he became interested in reading about missionary work among the Chinese, and determined to become a medical missionary. He went to the Northwestern University Medical School at Evanston, being graduated in the class of '96.

Some time before this, however, and while he intended to become a New-York or Brooklyn druggist, he met Miss Elmore at a social party in Brooklyn, and it was a case of love at first sight. Their engagement soon followed, and all went well until Mr. Woolsey determined to go to China. Miss Elmore, who had taught school at Marcellus, N. Y. East Orange, N. J., and finally in Brooklyn, had formed strong ties of friendship at each place. It looked for a while as if a long farewell would be said.

Then Miss Elmore divid her tears, set her teeth.

#### MORE THAN A CENTURY OLD.

DEATH OF MRS. HELEN HEGEMAN DEAN, AT THE AGE OF 102 YEARS.

Mrs. Helen Hegeman Dean died yesterday at he home, No. 356 Carlton-ave., at the age of 102 years, 8 months and 6 days. Her physician believes that she would have finished out the century had it not been for the shock occasioned by the death a month



MRS. HELEN DEAN.

her friend, Mrs. Andrus, who died at the ago of her friend, Mrs. Andrus, who died at the age of eighty years.

Mrs. Dean was born in New-Utrecht, and when twenty-two years old was married to Major Willlam R. Dean, of the Brooklyn Gua.ds. They made their home in Fultor-st., near Sands, in 1816, and dived together for ferty years, when Major Dean died. Mrs. Dean was for eighty years a communicant at St. Ann's Protestant Episcopal Church, but had lately been with the Church of the Messiah. The funeral services, in accordance with her request, will be held in the former church. She had lived for twenty-seven years in the house where she died.

She was happy and cheerful always, and her room She was happy and cheerful always, and her room was kept bright with nasturitums and other old-fashioned flowers. In her young days she was a belle, and the picture of her husband in full readmentals which adorned her room shows him to have been a handsome man. Among her surviving relatives are Mrs. Andrew Hegeman, Thomas H. Hegeman and Peter A. Hegeman, of New-Utrecht; Dr. Thomas B. Hegeman, of Flatbush, and Charles Dean, of New-York. The funeral will be held at St. Ann's at 3 o'clock on Saturday afternoon.

## WINES AND SHIP STORES SEIZED.

THE STEAMER GALILEO LIBELLED AND RE-LEASED UNDER BONDS.

The steamship Galileo, of the Lamport & Holt Line, which was seized yesterday at Martin's stores, Brocklyn, where she was tied up, for discharging cargo without a permit from the Custom

charging cargo without a permit from the Custom House, was released later in the afternoon on the filing of a bond for \$10,000 with the United States Commissioner in Brooklyn. The ship will sail for Brazil to-morrow.

Customs inspectors yesterday seized on the pier occupied by the Lamport & Holt Line, No. 4 Martin's Stores, Brooklyn, ninety-nine cases of champagne, other wines and liquors, forty barrels of ale in bottles, twenty barrels of stout in bottles, 300 pieces of tableware and crockery, and eighteen packages of sailors' clothing. These were ship's stores belonging to the Lamport & Holt Line. They had been brought from England and were intended for vessels of the line running to South America. America.
Assistant Superintendent Steinman, of the line.

Assistant Superintendent Steinman, of the line, was summoned to the Custom House. He admitted that the articles had been landed from different steamers since September 1, and that this practice had been going on for two years. Under the law these goods are liable to forfeiture. No foreign vessel is allowed to transfer stores to another vessel without paying duty on them. When a vessel does so the captain is subject to a fine equal to three times the value of the goods.

REPAIRING THE CITY HALL.

BIDS FOR THE CUPOLA OPENED BY COM-

MISSIONER WILLIS.

TERRA COTTA PREFERRED TO IRON BY SOME-EXTENSIVE CHANGES IN THE UPPER PART OF THE BUILDING-A COPPER ROOF

WITH FIFTEEN SKYLIGHTS. Bids were opened yesterday by City Works Commissioner Willis for the construction of a cupola on the City Hall. This marks another step in the repairs on that building made necessary by the fire which burned out the upper part on February 25, 1895. It has taken a long time to make the repairs; but first it took a long time to determine what re-pairs should be made. It was finally decided to

reconstruct the entire upper part of the building. At the start it was thought that the best finish for the top would be a low dome, and an attempt was made to combine with such a dome the clock which many people deemed a necessary convenience. It was soon seen that a clock and a dome were incongruous and a commission of experts determined that the heat thing was to great a curvely similar to that the best thing was to erect a cupola similar to the one destroyed. It is for such a cupola that bids were recently invited by Commissioner Willis.

Four bids were received yesterday for an iron

structure, but the contract will not be awarded for several days. The lowest bid was put in by Colsen & Eager for \$34,000; the highest, \$35,875, was that of John Cooper & Son, of New-York. The former firm belongs in Brooklyn. Commissioner Willis is of the opinion that the bids are in the interest of the city, but before he takes action in awarding the contract he intends to consult Mayor Wurster, who, naturally, has a deep interest in the improvement

Some time ago a cupola of terra cotta was contemplated, but that idea has been abandoned in favor of an iron and steel structure, which will be less expensive. In the opinion of competent judges an iron cupoia will be an inappropriate feature on a building like the City Hail, and a cupola more in keeping with the general character of the edifice should be provided.

Assuming that the contract for the cupola is awarded to the lowest bidder, the entire cost of the repairs on the Hall will amount to about \$125,000. Nearly the whole building above the first story has been rebuilt. The Common Council Chamber has not been materially altered, save that it has been provided with an entirely new ceiling. The height of this apartment has not been changed. The new ceiling is not yet finished; it is of steel and domeshaped, like the former one.

The most extensive changes have been made on the upper floor of the building, formerly little better than an attic, which was occupied as the living apartments of the janitor. The janitor has

better than an attic, which was occupied as the living apartments of the janitor. The janitor has been ousted, bag and baggage, and this part of the hall is being turned into offices. The problem of lighting them was a serious one, as the only windows were low and insufficient, while on the south side the places where windows should be were mere panels. The panels have been removed and windows put in their places, but the main reliance for light here is on skylights.

No less than lifteen skylights have been provided, some of them very large. All are constructed in the best style, and are guaranteed to be free from leakage. The amount of light which they furnish is surprisingly large, and all the offices will be as well illuminated by sunlight as any one would care to have them. On the second floor the rooms of the Corporation Counsel are being fitted up in good shape, and the Law Department will also make use of a portion of the upper story. On the third floor the law library will be situated. The entire north side of the third story is being arranged for the use of the Department of Buildings. Not only has the upper part of the City Hall been made fireproof, but the building has been provided with an entirely new roof of heavy copper. It is hoped in time to surround the roof with a balustrade, so as to shut out the unsightly chimneys, skylights, etc., but no definite plans for this have yet been made. An improvement of much importance in the building as reconstructed will be the commodious elevator, which will run from the basement to the third story.

The repairs have been made under the direction of V. G. Griffith and C. W. & A. A. Stoughton, architects, of New-York City. Their calculations were so closely made that, as respects the iron-work, the extras will not amount to more than \$2.390. This is considered a rem. Fably good record. It is expected that the work. It be completed within the next six weeks—that the work being done under the present contract, which has nothing to do with the contemplated cupo

# NO RECEIVER TO BE APPOINTED.

JOHN M. GWINNELL SAYS THE AMERICAN LEGION

John M. Gwinnell, supreme commander of the American Legion of Honor, has issued a circular r to the charges which have been made against the order, concerning the levying of extra assessments, and has endeavored to answer those members who threaten to secede. Part of the circular is as follows:

On September 14 there were seventy-seven death claims reporte, amounting to \$201,500, and fifty-six claims semi-off-tally reported and yet to be proven, which will call for \$153,500, a total of 134 death cleams, calling tor \$355,000. Two assessments called September 1, with back assessments yet to be paid in, will reall: \$500,000.

Mr. Gwinner further said that all the claims for which the extra assessments were called have been paid, with the exception of those which appear in the delayed claims account. The money to pay the benefits for the delayed claims, he says, has been collected and is held in the treasury, to be paid out in each case when the proofs are completed. He ados that every claim for October will be provided for. He characterizes the statement that a receiver will be appointed as unqualifiedly faise. which the extra assessments were called have been

# THE ADAMI SUIT STILL ON.

Further testimony was taken yesterday before Justice Goodrich, in the Supreme Court, on the return of the writ of habeas corpus through which Albert Adami, of Morcisania, is trying to get posession of Florence and August Adami, the children of his de-cased brother. The children at present are in the care of a Mrs. Ayling, who lived with Adami during his lifetime after his wife's death, and who was known as his wife. Since Mr. death, and who was known as his wife. Since Mr.
Adam's death she has been living with the children at No. 39 Seventeenth-st., in this city. She
was appointed their guardian and administratrix of
Mr. Adam's estate, and she says her employer
always said he wanted to have her take care of
the children. She declares she intends to do so
unless they are taken away from her by the court.
Mr. Adam's assertion is that she is not a fit person to have control of the children. Briefs are to
be submitted, and decision was reserved.

## DEATH OF GEORGE W. VAN NOSTRAND.

George W. Van Nostrand, only son of Cornellus Van Nostrand, and a resident of Glen Cove, died yesterday in the Seney Hospital, where he was yesterday in the Seney Hospital, where he was taken Sunday afternoon to undergo an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Van Nostrand was about forty years old, and for many years was connected with the Protective Union Company. Four years ago he and his father started a shoe business in Glen Cove. Mr. Van Nostrand leaves a wife and one child. The body was taken home.

## COURT CALENDARS.

Supreme Court—Special Term for Motions—Before Dickey, J.—Ex parte business at It a. m. Motion calendar called at 19:39 a. m. Surrogate's Court—Before George B. Abbott, Surrogate —The accounting in the estates of Samuel K. Rich, Rufus—Hitchcock, Edward Curran, Christian Huber, Noyes G. Paimer, Parrick Donnelly, Thomas T. Spencer, Ellia McCestaick Camp Infants (motion), Withelmita Claus, the Court of Christian and Mary L. McKewen, Contested calendar at 19:39, No. 28, will of Mary Mary



FORESTER—BUT SHOOT AT THE HARE, MR. NOTARY.
BOTARY—I WILL FORESTER, BUT YOU'LL SEE THE HARE RUN AWAY THEN:—(Fliegends Bisher,

SIMIS ON CHARITIES.

HOW THE DEPARTMENT SHOULD BE RUN

UNDER THE NEW CHARTER. THE COMMISSIONER CIVES HIS VIEWS ON FRE

ADMINISTRATION WHEN THE CITIES ARE UNITED.

Commissioner of Charities Simis has written a letter to the committee on the Greater New-York charter, submitting his ideas as to how the Charities Department should be conducted under the ad ministration of the consolidated city. It is as fol-

ties Department should be conducted under the administration of the consolidated city. It is as follows:

To the Committee on Charter of Greater New-York. Gentlemen: As a member of the Department known as the Commissioners of Charities and Corrections of Kings County, I am somewhat conversant with the government of the institutions under their charge. The proposed charter for the Greater New-York, in so far as it relates to the separate departments of Charities and Corrections, has been submitted to me, and in connection therewith I beg leave to submit the following.

The Department of Charities as proposed by the report of your committee will have under its exclusive jurisdiction the care and management of the free hospitals now located in the city of New-York, Blackwell's Island and Flatbush. Brookiyn: also the almshouses and nurseries of these places and the proposed inertiates' home in the city of New-York. It must provide for the influence of these institutions and the employment of those in the almshouses. Said Department will have charge of the commitment of all children between the ages of two and sixteen. It has charged upon it prosecution of putative fathers, delinquent husbands and the indenturing of children. It is impossible to definitely state all the duties of such an office.

I believe, therefore, that such a department should be organized upon the lines laid down in the act of 1880, under which the present Department is organized. This act was prepared by William C. De Wilt. There should be three Commissioners, they to constitute a corporation; their term of office to be four years: the president thereof to receive a salary of £5,000 each.

If, however, the principle advocated by your sub-committee is to be the nolicy of your honorable body, then I offer the following suggestions:

By Section 383, the deputy for the boroughs of Brooklyn, etc., should veat in the Commissioner, he to appoint two deputies, one for the boroughs of Brooklyn, etc., should veat in the Commissioner, he commissioner, in

to the almshouse. The place of the doing of the business should be left to the discretion of the Commissioner.

Sections 381 and 385 strike out.

Section 391. Vagrants should not be committed upon their own request, unless in the judgment of the Commissioner or his deputy such request should be granted.

The commisment of children to the religious institutions should be vested solely in the Commissioner, he to have power to make contracts for their maintenance in said institution.

Department of Corrections. The Commissioner of said Department should be authorized to enter into contracts, after due advertisement, for all supplies necessary for the penitentiary, and should also have power to purchase sup-lies without advertisement in a sun not exceeding \$1,00 in any one month.

He should also be authorized, upon the discharge of a prisoner after the expiration of sentence, to give to said prisoner a suit of clothes not exceeding in value the sum of \$12, and the further sum of \$1 in cash; this provision, however, not to apply to prisoners convicted of intoxication, vagrants, tramps or disorderly persons generally, the Board of Estimate to make suitable provisions to carry out the requirements of such suggestion.

Respectfully submitted.

A. SIMIS, JR.

#### SUIT AGAINST "MARTY" BERGEN

THE JOCKEY ALLEGED TO BE IN DEBT TO DR. JOHN M. BUCKLEY FOR SERVICES.

Dr. John M. Buckley, a veterinary surgeon has begun an action, through his attorney, C F. Brandt, in the Supreme Court, against Martin Bergen, the jockey, to recover \$3,298 for services rendered between May, 1894, and March 10, 1896. The summons was served on the defendant yesterday at West and Chambers sts., New-York, just as he was about to start for San Francisco. Dr. Buckley alleges that in May, 1894, the defendant engaged him pay for his board, lodging and travelling expenses." He asserted that Bergen owned several running horses, and as, under the rules of the Jockey Club, a jockey who has an actual mount cannot own horses, they were run in Buckley's name. It is said also that Dr. Buckley has threatened to make certain disclosures when the case comes to trial. It is alleged that Bergen induced him to stimulate his horses with drugs, which, if proved, would rule the jockey off every track in the country. Buckley says that all he received from Bergen was 892 in cash. The surgeon is now in the employ of William J. Belford, of No. 27 Wyckoff-

st. Mr. Belford urnishes all the horses used by the Postoffice Department in this city. An effort was made last night to see Mr. Buckley, the plaintiff, at his home. The re-porter was told that he had gone to Orange, N. J., and would not be back till morning.

## FLOWERS FOR "SUNSET" COX'S GRAVE.

The letter-carriers of Brooklyn and New-York vesterday honored the memory of Samuel Sullivan cox, the well-known Democratic Congressman from New-York City, by visiting his grave in Green-wood Cemetery and bestrewing it with beautiful flowers. This is an annual custom with the letter-carriers, and is in recognition of the obligation the Congressman put them under by securing the passage of their salary, vacation and eight-hour bills.

## W. C. T. U. CONVENTION.

Members of the Woman's Christian Tempera Union in Brooklyn are busy with preparations for the annual convention of the State organization, which will be neld in Brooklyn at the Emmanuel Baptist Church. St. James Place and Lafayetteave., beginning on October 6 and continuing the remainder of the week. Five hundred del are expected, besides many visiting friends from all over the State. There will be three daily sessions to which the public is cordially invited. This is the first time in the twenty-three years of its existence that the New-York State Woman's Chrisexistence that the New-York State Woman's Christian Temperence Union has held a convention in
Brooklyn, and the occasion promises to be one of
more than usual interest. Mrs. Francis E. Graham,
a singer of National reputation, will have charge of
the music, while among the speakers are Mrs.
Booth-Tucker, of the Salvation Army; Mrs. Helen
M. Barker, of litinois; Miss Belle Kearney, of Mississippi; Mrs. Helen G. Rice, of Massachusetts, and
Miss Agnes Slack, of London.

## REAL ESTATE.

The collapse of Mr. Bryan was much talked of in real-estate offices yesterday, and there was only one opinion about it. "It marks the beginning of the end," said Henry W. Sherrill, who is a Palmer and Buckner elector in this district, "and the end will be the bursting of the free-silver bubble."
"It's a little significant," said another, "that "It's a little significant," said another, "that Bryan goes hustling about to find people while the people are hustling to Canton to find McKinley. They have seen the 'Boy Orator' and wast something more substantial."

But though politics were runch talked of, there was a better feeling in all the offices yesterday. Not that there were sales to report, but that inquiries for realty were on the increase. Rustin & Robbins say that they had had many inquiries lately from investors and speculators for "bargains."

gains."
Permits for the following new buildings were granted yesterday:

One two-story and attic frame dwelling, 23x50, on east side of East Fifty-second-st., south of Avenue S, to cost \$4,000; S. Levy, No. 371 Fulton-st, owner.
One four-story brick dwelling, 19x45, on south side of Huntington-st., east of Henry-st., to cost \$4,000; Jean Caulfield, on premises, owner. The following sales were reported:
By James L. Brimiey, Nelson-st., between
imbia sts., 25x100, three-story frame, to Pat

jumbia sts., 25:100, three-story frame, to Patrick Harrisms, \$1,200.

By Sheriff Buttling: No. 025 Lafayette-ave., 25:250.

Hyse-story frame houses, on Lafayette-ave., 25:250.

three-story frame houses, on Lafayette-ave., 25:250.

Avenue A. near Ocean-ave., 30:150, assessed \$3,000, to Bridget McClellan, subject to certain recorded covenant and restrictions, \$3,300.

Eighth-ave. and Forty-first-st., 25:2100, vacant, assessed \$1,200, to Elizabeth Dehant, \$600.

Franklin-ave., corner Degraw-st., 93:200:48257, vacant assessed \$1,200, to W. M. Ingraham, \$1,500.

Nos. 35 to 41 Heyward-st., 100:2100, one and two story frame buildings, used for a brownstone yard, assessed \$1,200, to William J. Moran, \$100.

No. 105 Sackman-st., 19:11:82.5, three-story frame and flats, assessed \$3,500, to Noah Tebbeth, \$4,600.

Nos. 2,204, 2,204A and 2,304 Atlantic-ave., 50:150, the